lose friends. He was more so after the news of Goebel's death reached him.

He was closeted in his private office, where he has been since Goebel was shot and where he has seen nobody but his closest friends and the newspaper reporters who represent papers that side with him in the controversy.

PROCLAMATION BY BECKHAM. Mr. Beekham issued the following proclama tion soon after 10 o'clock:

To the People of the Commonwealth of Kentucky: "It is with the profoundest sorrow I an nounce to the people of this Commonwealth that the work of the assassin has ended in the death of Gov. William Goebel and that, under the Constitution and the law, upon notice of this deplorable event, I have qualified and assumed the duties of Chief Executive of the

'In William Goebel Kentucky has lost one of her greatest and noblest sons. His high character for courage, manliness and honesty in the defence of the right of the people lead to his destruction, and while yet in the vigor of his manhood he has become a martyr to their

"I enter upon the discharge of the duties of this high office surrounded by conditions and ircumstances which would tax the wisdom of men far stronger than I. Knowing well the trying difficulties that are ahead of me, and the dangers which surrounded me have already compassed the destruction of civil government in the capital of the State, I hereby solemnly warn and command that all violent characters and militia of the State now in possession of the city and the public buildings do immediately disband, lay down their arms and return to their homes and occupations.

Feeling most deeply the responsibilities and difficulties of the situation. I invoke the aid and support of all the lawabiding and law-respecting Christian people of this Commonwealth, and I promise in a legal way, if within the power of men, to restore peace, quiet and protection to all individuals regardless of party or station, under the Constitution, which I have solemnly sworn to obey.

Given under my hand at the city of Frankfort this 3d day of February, 1900. "J. C. W. BECKHAM, Governor."

The proclamation was headed "Frankfort, Ky., Executive Office." The command to the military to disperse is a repetition of the command that Goebel gave when he was sworn in as Governor on his deathbed.

At 10 o'clock it had not been decided when or where the body of Senator Goebel would be buried. It was said that that matter would be deelded in the morning by the brothers of the dead man. The brother who was in Arizons when the shooting occurred and who started East at once, got here to-night some time after the Senator's death, and a few minutes before the public announcement of the fact was made. An hour after the announcement telegrams

of condolence began coming in. During the evening upwards of 500 were received. They were from Democrats in all parts of the coun-

GOOD ORDER AFTER GOEBEL'S DEATH.

Frankfort is quiet to-night and the public officials are congratulating themselves that to-morrow is Sunday. They are more or less apprehensive over Monday because that is the County Court day and usually hundre is of persons come to town from the country districts which in this section of the State, are strongly Democratic.

TOWN IN PIGHTING MOOD.

About all that was needed in Frankfort at any time after noon to-day was the application of a match to bring about an explosion. All day long affairs were in a more critical condition than they had been at any time since the shooting of Senatar Goebel. The departure of one-quarter of the members of the Legislature to their homes, it was thought, would serve to quiet things more or less, but it had the contrary effect, apparently, and for the first time the streets were filled with a more or less incendiary crowd. The saloons were all open, and that did not aid

Goebel's bedroom that he had had a bad spell and could not rally from it. That came very near being the match. As soon as it was generally known a big crowd gathered around Capitol Square, within which are the government buildings and all of the soldiers. Every man was armed with a revolver in one pocket and a bottle of whiskey in the other.

All the available police of the town were sent job on their hands. But it was a more or less boisterous crowd and kept cheering at intervals for Goebel and addressing foul language to the soldiers. The presence of the crowd caused a lot of nervousness inside the square. The commanding officers of the soldiers were fearful that an accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of a soldier or the firing of pistol by one of the crowd might precipitate the longexpected trouble. They doubled the guards at the gates, and finally tripled them, and then, as an additional precaution, they stationed company with bayonets in front of each gate, inside the fence. This was to prevent a rush-

MAYOR CLOSES THE SALOONS.

The crowd got bigger and bigger in the afternoon and then, as Goebel's condition became more critical, the Mayor of the town issued a proclamation closing all the saloons and all places where liquor is sold until further notice. He said that he did it because he felt that the death of Goebel would be likely to lead to a riot. The proclamation was enforced immediately by the police against the wild protests of the saloonkeepers. Even the hotel barrooms were closed. From this time on there was an improvement in the condition of affairs Finally the police were able to scatter the crowd that had clung to Capitol Square, and it spread out about town. A large part of it gathered about the Capitol Hotel to get the latest news from the sick room.

Goebel's room is on the second floor of the Capitol Hotel. The corridor of the hotel was crowded. There were many women in the crowd, who seemed to feel worse even about Goebel's sinking than did the men. Kentucky women are enthusiastic politicians. Two of them met in the corridor of the hotel near where THE SUN reporter was standing this afternoon. Said one: "Oh, I'm so glad my boy is away. I think I'd go crazy if he was here, he's so hot-headed."

"What!" exclaimed the other. "Well, I tell you I think I'd go crazy from shame if my boy wasn't here. It is a man's duty to be here." The wife of Senator George T. Farris wrote:

"Am worried about you, but I would rather that you should be brought home in a pine box than for you to desert your post." Most of the women in the hotel corridor were women

BULLETINS FROM THE DOCTORS.

The news from Goebel's room was brought down every few minutes by one of his physicians. It began with the announcement that he had had a second fainting spell and that all hope was gone. Then came word that a tank of oxygen had been brought in and was being used; then that he was slowly recovering, but there was still no hope. As each bulletin arrived there was the greatest excitement, and many exclamations of sympathy were heard. Sometimes some one in the crowd would start to cry. During the afternoon word came not less than twenty times that the man could not live ten minutes. but it was invariably succeeded by bulletins that he had again recovered. The doctors said each time that he was growing constantly weaker. Finally they said that he might live until midnight, but not later. This was told to the crowd outside, and the people there said Goebel would fool the doctors again. The assurance that he might live until midnight seemed to satisfy them that he would live with THE SUN correspondent to Capitol longer, and many of them went on about their

There was a comical side to the scenes of the afternoon, too. A man circulated through | to do, but the Colonel said he guessed he was the crowds distributing circulars describing a new bullet-proof armor. He was the agent of the company that made it and he solicited orders. He got attention, too. There seemed

ance on this occasion. At all times he was surrounded by interested listeners. He guaranteed the efficacy of his wares, and offered to sell the armor at \$5.25 a square foot, a vest of it for \$25, or a complete suit of it for \$45. He said it was better than a life insurance policy. and it could be worn without your opponent knowing that you had it on. It is said that he got some orders, but the consensus of opinion among the Colonels was that it would be a sign of cowardice to be caught wearing such a

Another incident was the experience of an accident insurance company's agent. The companies had until to-day boycotted Frankfort. But as the expected conflict had not occurred, one company sent its agent with thousands of circulars reading thus: "No mater how careful we are and what precaution we take, we are always liable to injury through the carelessness of others. Accident insurance." This man did business.

APPEALS TO THE COURTS. The chief events of the day outside of the changes in Mr. Goebel's condition were legal ones. The first was the granting of a temporary injunction to restrain Gov. Taylor. Adjutant-General Collier and Col. Williams from interfering with the assembling of the Legislature in the State House and from compelling the attendance of legislators at the

session called for Tuesday at London, a mountain town, by Gov. Taylor, who adjourned the Legislature by proclamation. The second incident was the issuance of a writ of habeas corpus calling for the production in court of Lon Walker, the young stenographer who gained admission to the Capitol Square grounds and the ante-room of the Governor in the Executive Mansion by means of a newspaper pass. Considerable excitement attended the attempt to serve the writ of habeas corpus because it was declared by the Goebel awyers that a refusal to recognize the writ would be a deflance not only of the courts of

will be told later on. THE GRANTING OF THE INJUNCTION.

Kentucky, but of the United States. It was

not served. The details of the attempt to serve

Judge Cantrill convened his court in the County Court House at 11 o'clock. The room was crowded with Goebelities, but there was not a sign of a Republican present. All the lawyers who have business in the court sit upon a little platform in a Kentucky court and the Judge calls them one at a time by name and asks them what they want. Two of the Judges in the Circuit Court this morning had for clients; risoners who had been convicted. One had been convicted of attempting murder and the other of robbery. These two cases the Judge set aside until after he had finished the political business on hand. Goebel's lawyers present were ex-Congress.

man John K. Hendricks, James Andrew Scott and ex-Chief Justice Pryor. When their names were called Judge Pryor arose and stated that he represented the people of Kentucky, who had demanded that William Goebel, who had been legally elected Governor of the State. should be accorded his rights.

"It is hardly necessary for me to read the complaint in our petition for an injunction restraining William S. Taylor and Gen. Collier from interfering with the meeting of the Legislature," he said, "for your Honor is already familiar with its contents."

"Read it," said Judge Cantrill, as if he had not seen it, and then Judge Pryor read the twocolumn-and-a-half complaint, a synopsis of which was printed in THE SUN this morning. When he had finished he passed the document up to the Judge with the order that he asked the Judge to sign. The order follows:

"The plaintiffs having executed bond as required by law, the defendants. W. S. Taylor and Daniel Collier, and each of them are hereby enjoined and restrained from assembling the Legislature of the State and particularly the plaintiffs in this action, at the city of London, in the county of Laurel, and are further prohibitted and enjoined from preventing the plaintiffs or any of them from entering the Capitol building in Frankfort as members of the General Assembly for the purpose of transacting business connected with State affairs and discharging their duties as Senators and and Representatives."

The Judge picked up the order, read it through and signed it. So that there should not be any irregularity he said: "Are the defendants represented here?" He paused a moment and there was no answer. Next he said:

"The defendants not appearing to object to to keep the crowd moving, and as they were | the granting of this order, it is granted, and I House of Scott county in Georgetown, as the time and place when and where I will hear argument on the question of whether or not the order shall be made permanent. Keep your

> This last was to a crowd of reporters who were about to rush out with the news. The reporters sank back in their seats and the Judge called up the man who had been convicted of attempting murder. He had shot a man nearly

RELATIVE JUSTICE EXEMPLIPIED.

"William," said he, "you have been indicted and convicted of the crime of attempted murder in that you shot and nearly killed another person against the peace of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. You have been tried by a petit jury and it has convicted you. Have you anything to say why sentence should not be passed upon you?"

"No sir," said William. "The sentence of the court is then, that you be confined in the State Penitentiary at hard labor for the term of three years. Step back." The pickpocket was called next, and the Judge repeated the formula, and with emphasis on every word, he concluded: "The sentence of the court is that you be confined in the State Penitentiary for a period of five years." Then he adjourned the court.

THE SUN reporter asked the Judge if the Sheriff could be required to serve the writ on the Governor and Adjutant-General in person. The Judge said no, that wasn't necessary. It could be done by publication if there was any personal danger to the Sheriff involved in serv-

"And suppose the writ is not obeyed?" asked the reporter.

"The court will sit in this town at another time in that event," said Judge Cantrill, with a eignificant nod of his head. TAYLOR'S FORCES ON THE LOOKOUT.

The Sheriff evidently thought there was danger in attempting to serve the injunction and he made no effort. The news that the injunction had been granted of course reached Capitol Square in no time, and again as order was issued permitting nobody to enter the grounds and nobody to leave them. This was maintained for a while, and then it was agreed to let in persons who had business, but they could go in only under escort of a squad of soldiers, who had orders to shoot if the visitors made any attempt to serve papers. The squad would receive the applicant at the gate. He would be taken first to the office of the Adjutant-General, and if he passed the examination there satisfactorily. he would be escorted

around by the squad and escorted out when he had completed his business.

BLACKBURN FOR PEACE. After the granting of the injunction by Judge Cantrill United States Senator Joe Blackburn came to town. He was met by Col. Jack Chinn and other friends and went to the Capitol Hotel, where there was a conference. Senator Blackburn told the Democrats all about his interview with President McKinley before he left Washington and then he lectured them on peace. He said that peace must be preserved at all hazards. The Democrats agreed with

A WALK AND TALK WITH JACK CHINN. After the conference Col. Chinn took a walk

Square. It was the first time the Colonel had visited the square since the shooting. His friends advised him that it was a risky thing all right and he went with the reporter and from outside the square pointed out the spot where Goebel was when he was shot. He also made the interesting statement that in his to be nothing incongruous about his appear- opinion the shot that struck Goebel was fired

were fired by other men. "They came so close together." said the colonel, "that one man could not have fired them. It was a fusiliade, crack, crack, crack, erack they came. I felt a shock at my ear. It sounded as if my ear had been slapped, the bullet came so close. One man couldn't have fired so quickly. When Goebel fell he kind o' raised himself for a moment and tried to reach his gun. He carries his gun in front, so it's always handy."

The Colonel pointed out where Mr. Goebel 'Well.' I said to him as he was falling, 'my "Well, I said to him as he was failing, my God, Bill, they've killed you,' and he said: 'Yes, I guess they have.' Then he tried to raise himself and I said: 'Look out, Goebel, lie still, They'll shoot you again,' and just then came the fusilade. You see, I wasn't as good a mark as he had been, for I was hopping about trying to see where the shots came from."

"Well, they didn't hit you," suggested the

"Well, they didn't hit you," suggested the reporter.
"You bet they didnt," said Col. Chinn with enthus asm, "and I don't intend they shall. I am't hankering for no crowd to come in and pull down the sheet and say: 'Poor Jack, don't he look natural,' and I tell you what it is, they ain't going to be any singing around my house if I can help it, without I'm able to hear."

It may be remarked here that Col. Chinn's arsenal consists of a 45 a little over a foot long, a 44 not quite so long and, handier, a bowie.

THE WRIT FOR LON WALKER.

Some time after Senator Goebel's condition became alarming there was a second conference of the Democrats at the Capitol Hotel and they determined upon the second legal move, the issuance of a writ of habeas corpus. Judge Cantrill did not want to issue such a writ and the chief lawyer of the Goebelites, Scott, said that the County Judge would do it. A writ was drawn up. Lon Walker's wife had been permitted to visit him in the Senate chamber, where he was a prisoner of war under guard of a company of soldiers, and she made the complaint on which the writ was based. It set forth that Lon had been arrested in the act of doing his duty and that he had been detained for more than twenty-four hours without a hearing or trial and without any lawful complaint, and that unless he was resoued by a writ he might be detained indefinitely. The writ was made returnable at do'clock in the evening and it was taken to the County Court, where Judge Moore was sitting. The Judge looked at it and asked:

"What do you want me to do with this?"

"Sign it," said the Judge, "you must get John Santry to do it, because he ain't here. I guess he heard you were coming."

He signed the paper and the lawyer took it and went to the hotel with it. He found the Sheriff there. The Sheriff's jaw dropped, but no took the capter and backed by the lawyer, a dozen frends and a crowd of reporters, the assemit on Capitol Square was made.

Sheriff barrier.

As the gate was approached soldlers barri-THE WRIT FOR LON WALKER.

SHERIFF BARRED OUT. As the gate was approached soldiers barricaded the way. The Sheriff held up his writ. He explained what it was an idemanded admission. The Provost Marshal said he'd see Gen. Collier or Col. William and went off to the headquarters of the General. He left the whole party waiting outside the gates. When he came back he told the Sheriff that both the General and the Colonel were too busy to be seen and then asked with a smile:

elon to these grounds."
"I'm sorry," said the Marshal, "but I can't let you in."

That ended the incident. The writ was returned to Judge Moore. The Sun reporter asked him what he was going to do about it. and he said:

"We can't do nothing. There ain't anything and he said:

"We can't do nothing. There ain't anything to do now but wait until Feb. 8, when this year comes up before Judge Cantrill, and then if they obey I suppose all is left to do is to swear deputies and face them. It looks like as if we are going to have some trouble and if we have we can have 10.000 men in three hours to conduct it.

"Great capital is being made of the refusal to permit the Sheriff, the peace officer of the county, to serve the writ of habeas corpus.

TAYLOR'S WATER SUPPLY CUT OFF. Yesterday the water supply of Capitol Square was cut off, and as soon as the small supply of water in the high standing reservoir is exhausted the soldiers will have to carry all the water used on the reservation from the Kentucky River, a quarter of a mile away. It is said that the supply of gas will be cut off to-morrow. This emergency has been prepared for by the purchase of all the candles in town.

Goy. Taylor's lawyers, made a careful examination of the Executive Mansion to-day, and made e-crtain measurements for the purpose of determining, if possible, from which window the shot that killed Goebel was fired.

REVENGE FOR SANFORD.

New Story of the Assassination - Beport That Goebel Wore Armor.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 3 .- Senator Goebel. according to some folks here, was not shot down by a political assassin but by a man who sought to avenge the death of Col. John Sanford, whom Goebel killed in Covington in 1895. To-night since Goebel's death some of San ford's friends have openly boasted that his killing was avenged. For nearly five years the

stitute. In Hood's Sarsaparilla you have the best medicine money can buy. It cures. - completely and permanently. -

when others fail to do any good. Scrofulous Humor-"I was in terrible condition from the itching and burning of scrofulous humor. Grew worse under treatment of several doctors. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills. These cured me thoroughly." J. J. Little, Remember Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints

by one man while the four succeeding shots MR. GOULD'S BUTLER TIPSY DISTURBS GUESTS AT A LATE SUPPER PARTY AND IS ARRESTED.

Stalwart English Servant in the Household of Howard Gould Manifests an Ill-Timed Liking for His Master's Wines-Police Called In to Remove the Disturber.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gould attempted to enertain Senator and Mrs. John M. Thurston and about ten other friends at a late supper on Friday night. The supper was sadly marred by the indiscretions of Tibbs, the butler, who was finally removed from the house by a policeman and was translated to a cell, where he spent the rest of the night in the company of gentlemen of leisure, whose presence in such close proximity pained him almost to tears and so enraged him that when he confronted Mr. Gould in the Yorkville court yesterday morning he said that he would never forgive him : never, never.

Tibbs was a fine figure of a butler. In his presence and his manner there was all the distinction that could have been required of the chief of the household staff in so fine a house. He is nearly six feet in height and athletically built. His close-trimmed side whiskers, despite his apparent youth, give him the dignity and the cold hauteur of one of twice his years and experience. He is a man in whom his employers might well feel the utmost confidence. Never before had any hint of his hankering after forbidden things risen above the basement ceiling, though yesterday the cook said that if anybody had asked her she could have told what was none of her business until she was asked.

The lapse of Tibbs from virtue and discretion was made known to the servants in the house before the guests arrived. Tibbs went about among them saying that he wanted it understood that in Mr. Gould's absence he was the head of the house. He wanted every body in it to understand that it was his right to know what was being done by every one and to order any one to do that which seemed best to him. He interfered with the work in the kitchen. he found fault with the way the furniture was placed about the hall and dining room and grew more and more agitated every minute. Soon after supper had been served echoes of the proclamations of Tibbs began to reach the

"Don't you dare carry on that dish!" he would be heard to say, "put it down; put it down, or it will be the worse for you. It isn't fit to be served any way." Go down and tell cook that I want to see her. She won't come Why won't she? You just tell her that I said she was to come. Tell her Mr. Tibbs said so. Do you hear, Mr. Tibbs. Who says I'm talking too loud? I want to see who it is that will try to tell me how loud I may talk in my own house. Here you! Come back here with that wine. Put it here. No you won't take it in. Now you leave that to me. I know my rights, "Is there anything in any other line that I can do for you?"
"No." said the Sheriff. "I demand admissions and get more wine for them. They ean wait. Drunk! I dare any man to say to me that I am drank. Thank God I'm an Englishman and I don't have to be afraid of any Yankee high or low. Look out or Mr. Gould will hear, is it? Let him hear. I'll go in and tell him so himself. Mr. Gould says for me to make less noise. He's very little on his mind if that is all that is worrying him. Didn't I tell you to tell cook to come up here to me? Oh, she wouldn't. Did you tell her that Tibbs said so? Mr. Tibbs? Well, tell her one is discharged; then she perhaps will know who is who in this house."

And so Mr. Tibbs roared on. Sometimes the things he said were aud b'e and sometimes as of water in the high standing reservoir is exhausted the soldiers will have to carry all the water used on the reservation from the Kentucky River, a quarter of a mile away. It is said that the supply of gas will be entered for by the purchase of all the candles in town.

REWARDS OFFERED AT LAST.

Two rewards have now been offered for the arrest of the man who fired the shot that killed Mr. Goebel. At midnight last night few, Taylor sent for a friend and announced that he ordered the setting of the table to be changed morely because he had not been requires a reward of State morely because he had not been requires do not the country authorities, as the law requires. He would show that he show that the country and horized the setting of the table to be changed morely because he had not been required to do not the country authorities, as the law requires. He would show his own alwayers, made a fool of the first out of the house at once and therefore the setting of the table to be changed for the country authorities, as the law requires. He would show his own anxiety to onto the country authorities, as the law requires the country road swere absolutely blocked and mail trains on all lines were delanded of the appeared in the dining room. He quite grantle in the dining room. He quite grantle in parts of France.

The rewards have now been offered for the appeared in the dining room. He quite grantle in parts of the south that the part of the second in the country and house and there were other inconveniences. Some of the railroads were absolutely blocked and mail trains on all lines were delanded of the appeared in the dining room. He quite din the dining room he grantle for the south of the second in the country and there were other inconveniences. Some of the railroads were absolutely blocked and mail trains on all lines were delanded of the appeared of the fact of the second in the country and the reduction. There was a similar showfall in parts of France.

Business and the country in a fact of the fact of the se he travelled into remoter parts of the house

Gould, firmly. "You must go, and you must go at once."

What for?" said Tibbs. "You owe me an explanation of this conduct."

You are drunk, said Mr. Gould, "and I owe you \$70." He counted out the money and offered it to Tibbs with \$5 added. "Here," he said, "here is \$5 to pay for a room in a hotel so that you can have a place to sleep. Now get out of the house quickly."

Tibbs waved the profered greenbacks away with a lordly gesture.

"Humph!" he said; "that's dirty American money. I don't want it. If I can't have English money, sir, I won't have any. I don't wan to you money, sir; all I want is my rights as an English citizen, and I'm not to be made to go out of this house by any man. I can fight the whole house all by mysel."

Mr. Gould is of slight stature beside the hig Englishman, but the threats of violence did not frighten him seriously. He gave the fellow a push that sent him four or five steps down the hail. "Get out," said Mr. Gould in brief comment, still holding out the handful of money.

"I won't go and I can't be put," said Tibbs, "You must go and I can't be put," said Tibbs, "He was honorary President at the International Medical Congress in Berlin in 1881.

ford's friends have openly boasted that his killing was avenged. For nearly five years the friends of Sanford have been determined to square accounts with the man they consider a murderer.

It was said here to-night that these friends of Sanford and others with them took advantage of the present exciting conditions in Kentucky to shoot down Goebel, believing that politics would aid them in concealing their identity. Until to-night no one had suspected that anything other than politics was behind the shooting.

It is said, however, that men who had sworn to kill Goebel because of the Sanford occurrence were in Frankfort on the day of the shooting, and suspleton is directed at them. The names of these men are known, but what evidence the authorities have against them is closely guarded.

Another story heard to-night is that after Goebel was shot and taken to the Capitol Hotel it was dissovered that he wore a cost of mail. This story is said to come from a physician, who also said that the cost of mail and injured Goebel almos as badly as the bullet, particles of steel being carried into his body by the bullet, The physician is reported to have added that Goebel had been shot with a Krag-Jorgen son rifle, in which a steel bullet is used.

\*\*SENATOR DEROE'S SKIRTS CLEAR.\*\*

He Said He Advised His Friends in Kentucky to missent to kentucky to investigate and report upon the situation. The Senator thinks that street is the physician is reported to have added that me, robbed, insulted, and have been shockingly treated by drunken policemen. I was not drunk. I was no more drunk last night than I am drunk now."

The said He Advised His Friends in Kentucky to investigate and report upon the situation. The Senator thinks that street policy is a subject to the control of the provential policy. The physician is reported to have added that me, robbed, insulted, and have been shockingly treated by drunken policemen. I was not drunk, sir, "shouted Tibbs. "But and I was no more drunk last night?"

"The President and urga him to ioney.
"I won't go and I can't be put." said Tibbs.

the President and urge him to see the President and urge him to send a commission to Kentucky to investigate and report upon the situation. The Senator thinks that some personal enemy from Covington killed Goebel, and he hopes that he will be apprenended and hanged. Senator Deboe says, also, that when he left Kentucky he urged upon ail his friends the importance of maiotaining peace and order, so that his skirts are clear of any connection, even remote, with the unfortunate situation.

"Never Quit Certainty

For Hope."

You may take Hood's Sarsaparilla for all diseases arising from or promoted by impure blood with perfect confidence that it will do you good. Never take any substitute. In Hood's Sarsaparilla you have

TYPHOID IN THE WAR WITH SPAIN. Specialist Blames Army for Camp Pollution and Criticises Surgeons.

DETROIT, Feb. 3.-Dr. Vaughan of Ann Aror, who was a Spanish war surgeon and was bor, who was a Spanish war surgeon and was commissioned by the Government to investigate the causes of typhoid fever, has sent his report to Washington. In it he says camp polluting was the greates, sanitary sin committed by the troops. His conclusions are that about one-fifth of the solders developed typhoid fever and army surgeons correctly diagnose Hewer than one-half the cases; that the percentage of deaths from typhoid fever was 75; that about 80 per cent, of the total deaths were due to this disease, and that the percentage of deaths from typhoid fever is not so high "if we accept the diagnoses given in the official reports." He blames "superior line officers for locating camps in the face of the protests of medical officers."

FRENCH BOTANICAL EXPERIMENTS. Good Results Obtained in the Study of Plants From the Colonies

Special Cable Despatch to THE BUN. Paris, Feb. 3.-The Government granted several acres at Nogentsur-Marne last July for a garden where the study and the cultivation of plants from the colonies could be carried on. The institution was supported by voluntary contributions from the colonic Coffee's quinquinas and all alimentary plants were carefully reared in tropical houses and the choicest products were sent to China, the

Soudan and Tunisla with instructions as to how to obtain the best results. Much valuable work has already been accomplished under the direction of Prof. Dybowsky, especially in the case of the exotic plant Kassu, which has been found to contain wonderful preventive and curative properties in cases of dysentery. It has also been discovered that the Eucomia ulmoides, which has hitherto been considered a worthless plant, is really an inexhaustible source of gutta percha. of which it contains 28 per cent.

A paper was recently read on this plant in the Academy of Sciences, with the result that Prof Dybowsky was inundated with letters from Russia. Italy and elsewhere requesting specimens of the plant, which is very plentiful in some of the English colonies, though it has never been used hitherto.

Moreover, only the leaves and sprigs of caoutehoue have been utilized, the berry being thrown away. I'rof. Dybowsky in experimenting with the berry discovered that it contained 5 per cent. more caoutchouc than the twigs and ALL ITALY IS SHIVERING. Severe Winter Weather and an Epidemic

of Influenza Ruin the Roman Season.

Special Cable Despatch to THE BUN. ROME, Feb. 3.-Italy has suffered during the past week from the severest winter weather in many years, and the whole country is groaning, shivering and preparing to die. Concurrently an epidemie of influenza is sweep ing over the Kingdom with the exception of Sicily. Tens of thousands of persons of all ranks have been stricken, from the Queen to peasants, and special prayers are offered in the churches for deliverance from the pest. The immediate result has been the ruin of the Roman season. All strangers who ar rived have hastily repacked and started for

RUSSIA'S LOAN TO PERSIA.

Alexandria will benefit by the overflow.

Ambassador to Austria Denies That It Has Any Political Significance.

Cairo. Every steamer for Egyptian ports has

been crowded, the exodus being swollen by

the richer Italians. Cairo is already full and

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. VIENNA, Feb. 3.-The Persian Ambassador to Austria denies that any political significance can be attached to the financial treaty between Persia and Russia. He says that the talk about a struggle between England and Russia for paramount influence at Teheran is an old story which bobs up at certain periods. Another diplomat said that France was helping Russia in a financial way. This, he said, was one of those important affairs which al-

SNOWSTORM IN ENGLAND.

ways happen when England is occupied else-

Some Railroads Blockaded-Similar Snowfall in Parts of France.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Feb. 3 .- A great snowstorm prevailed throughout England to-day. In many

Sir Thomas Grainger Stewart, Physician in Ordinary to the Queen for Scotland, was born in Edunburgh in 1837. He was President of many medical societies and of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1849-91. He was the author of many books and numerous papers in scientific and literary journals. He was honorary President at the International Medical Congress in Berlin in 1891.

"A MESSENGER BOY" WINS PRAISE. New Musical Comedy Scores & Success in

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Feb. 3.-The musical comedy, "A Messenger Boy," was produced at the Galety Theatre to-night and was a big success from start to the finish. All the critics agree in

The lyrics are by Adrian Ross and Percy Greenbank and the music by Caryll Monekton.

G2525252525252525250 White Bread STARVES MANY PEOPLE The Reasons are Told Below

Resessessessesses A piece of bread that is dry, white and very light in weight seems to the thoughtful person like so much foam or other useless and non-nourishing product.

If one rolls a piece of moist, light bread or the interior of a biscuit between the

fingers, a ball of dough is the result, with an appearance of solidity that makes one question how the gastric juices of the stomach can dissolve such a wad. It is small wonder that such food creates havoc in the way of fermentation and gas, and consequent disorder.

Many dyspeptics will find great help by

Many dyspeptics will find great entirely, leaving off the ordinary bread entirely, in and using in its place Grape-Nuts, which the starchy and nitrogenous sub-stances have been thoroughly and perfeetly cooked at the factory before being There is no possibility of the food as-

suming the form of wads of dough. On the contrary, the food is already predi-gested, the starch of the grains has been changed into grape sugar in the process of manufacture and passes quickly and directly into circulation. Grape-Nuts furnish the elements needed by the system to rebuild, particularly the

soft gray matter in the brain and throughout the nerve centres in the body. This statement will be verified by use of the new food. It is delicious enough to recommend itself upon trial. All first-class grocers sell Grape-Nuts and the Postum Co. at Battle Creek, Mich.,

How Is It With

Are you running the race of life with a handicap or without one?

If you are daily disturbed by a protesting stomach, or half distracted by insurrectionary digestive organs; if you are weak,

languid, cross and peevish; if you can taleep well and don't want to eat when you should want to eat, you are like a man running a race with a heavy weight on his shoulders. The race is serious enough even to those who are not so handicapped.

But why be handicapped?

Why not be well and strong?

Why not have a chance to be a

winner instead of being a laggard?
It is surprising what a difference in your favor good health will make. No! Not surprising when you come to think about it!

Abbey's Effervescent Salt ("The 'Salt' of Salts")

is one of the greatest aids to good health ever invented. This famous old English remedy keeps the stomach, the bowels and the liver in an active, healthy condition, insures perfect nutrition for every part of the body and pre-vents development of any form

on use it regularly the handicap Take a teaspoonful in a glass of water every morning before breakfast. It is pleasant to take.

of disease. In other words, it will



DR. J. C. CABLE, New York, states: "I have several patients taking Abbey's Salt now regularly. I think it is the finest liver and intestinal invigorator in the market and I shall certainly prescribe it right along. You certainly have a gold mine in the preparation."

At Druggists' only. 25c., 50c. and \$1 per bottle. There are some people who never do anything until they have to. Don't be one of them. Take care of your health while you have it. Retain your health by the daily use of Abbey's Effervescent Salt.

FREE Send four cents in stamps, to pay postage and packing, and we will mail you one of the most dainty and beautiful colored calendar creations of the year. The Abbey Effervescent Salt Co., Dept. G, 13 Murray St., New York.

The Annual Statement

## The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York

appears on the last page of this paper.

This is the largest Life Insurance Company in the World.

Its policy contracts are most liberal to the assured and its record for the past fifty-eight years justifies the assertion that it is the

Most Successful Life Insurance Company in Existence.

ALL WOULD HONOR LAWTON.

Members of the Municipal Assembly Indorse the Suggestion for a Demonstration.

The members of the Municipal Assembly who were at the City Hall yesterday all expressed themselves as being in favor of a municipal demonstration in Gen. Lawton's nonor, should the body be brought to this city. It is expected that when both branches of the Assembly meet on Tuesday, a joint resolution will be introduced providing for the appointment of a special committee to arrange details Councilman Oakley, the Vice-Chairman of the Council and its acting President, in the absence of President Guggenheimer, will introduce th resolution in the Council, and Vice-President McCall of the Board of Aldermen will introduce it in the Board of Aldermen. The Municipal Assembly adopted resolutions eulogizing Gen. Lawton when his death was announced, and a copy of these has already been sent to Mrs. Lawton. In speaking of the proposed demon-

stration yesterday Mr. Oakley said: "Every American must honor the name of Gen. Lawton, and if his body passes through this city it would be the unanimous demand of the community that some mark of respect should be shown by the civic authorities. should be shown by the civic authorities, Naturally, as Gen. Lawton was a military man, the main features of such a demonstration would be military. But Gen. Lawton was honored, not only by his companions in arms, but by all who knew of his record and his history. I am sure that any action which the city might take properly will receive the hearty in lorsement of every member of the Municipal Assembly." Municipal Assembly."

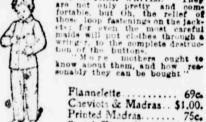
Alderman Elias Goodman and Alderman McInness both expressed themselves in a miler vein. If Gen. Lawton's body is brought here and it does not conflict with the military arrangements, a sainable escort and guard of

policements, a stituble escort and grand of policemen will be designated and it is expected that the Mayor will take part in the demonstration. LAWTON'S GIFT TO FORT WAYNE. His Widow Carries Out His Wish and Sends the City a Captured Cannon.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 3,-Mayor Sherer of Fort Wayne received a letter to-day from Col. Edmunds. Adjutant to Gen. Lawton, saving that Mrs. Lawton was sending to that city a cannon station raided as opium joint last night in the captured at Talevera. The letter adds that Gen. Lawten told his wife a few days before his death that he intended to ship a certain cannon to Fort Wayne as a gift to the people of
his old home town, and it is now being sent to
them at her request. A postscript to the letter
says that Mrs. Lawton will make her home at
Pewee Valley, Ky. The body of the General
is expected to reach here on Wednesday, and
all the business houses will be closed while it
is lying in state at the Capitol.

BEST&CO

 $m{B}$ oys' and  $m{G}$ irls' **P**ajamettes For night wear.



A MOTHER WRITES: "They are not only pretty and comfortable, but Oh, the relief of those loop fastenings on the jackets: for even the most careful maids will put clothes through a wringer, to the complete destruction of the buttons.

"More mothers cought to know about them, and how reasonably they can be bought."

Scotch Flannel ..... \$1.90. Also Pajamas for boys and youths, Night Shirts, Night Gowns, Bath Robes, in fact there is no hour in the day-no season in the year-for which we have not the most suitable article of

clothing for children-at moderate prices. 60-62 West 23d St.

Opium Joint Raided.

Acting Captain Cooney and half a dozen policemen from the West Thirty-seventh street rear of a Chinese merchandise store at 403 Seventh avenue. Nine men and two women who were found smoking opium in the place, who were found smoking opium in the place, with Charley Lee, the allegel proprietor, were arrested. Among the prisoners was May Parker, the young woman who was shot in a mysterious manner four weeks ago, and Stephen Murphy, the man who, at that time, was held under bonds in a police court on a charge of shooting her. The police seized a dozen opium "layouts."